

Final Report

Project #10-1365, Stillwater Flooodplain Restoration - Construction

Submitted by Micah Wait on 03/14/2014

Accepted by Elizabeth Butler on 03/28/2014

CONTACTS

Primary Sponsor: Wild Fish Conservancy Project Contact: Micah Wait

micah@wildfishconservancy.org

Lead Entity: Snohomish County LE

Billing Contact: Terri Shell

terri@wildfishconservancy.org

Managing Agency: Rec. and Conserv. Office RCO Grant Manager: Elizabeth Butler

elizabeth.butler@rco.wa.gov

DESCRIPTION OF THE COMPLETED PROJECT

Project Start Date: 10/07/2010 FundingEnd Date: 03/15/2014 RCO Closure Date:

This project resulted in the restoration of 2,100 feet of shoreline in the Stillwater reach of the Snoqualmie River. Project actions included the removal of 2,100 ft of bank revetments, and the restoration of shoreline edge habitat with woody debris installations and native plantings. Flood fencing was also installed along a low bank section of the shoreline.

SITE LOCATION

General Area of Project: Stillwater Wildlife Unit of the Snoqualmie

Wildlife Area along Snoqualmie River

Waterbodies:

Cong District:08Cong District 2012:01County:KingHUC:Snoqualmie

Leg District: 45 Leg District 2012: 05

Salmon Recov Reg 05: Puget Sound Section: 09
Township/Range: T25NR07E

Township/Range: T25NR07E WAU: Cherry



Sponsor Clarifications:

Sponsor verified the above information is correct and complete.

RCO Project Number: 10-1365 April 04, 2014 Page 1 of 8

PROJECT NARRATIVE

The Stillwater Floodplain Restoration project was a salmon habitat restoration project constructed by Wild Fish Conservancy in August and September of 2013. The project was located in the Stillwater Reach of the Snoqualmie River on public lands stewarded by WDFW and an adjacent private farm. The goal of the Stillwater Floodplain Restoration project was to enhance the geomorphic and biological processes that create and maintain a dynamic mosaic of floodplain habitats in Snoqualmie River Valley Bottom. Habitat-forming fluvial processes in this reach of the Snoqualmie have been impaired by bank hardening, a lack of stable large woody debris, and reduced riparian forest cover. The restoration objective of this project was to restore natural sedimentation processes in the reach through the removal of 2100' of bank revetment

For complete project details, please see the full engineering plan set attached to the file. The project occurred on two properties, the WDFW owned Stillwater Wildlife Unit, and a neighboring farm to the south of the Wildlife Unit. The project site was accessed via an existing farm road that was extended down an overgrown roadbed and onto the dike road, which ran the length of the revetment facility from the farm to the Wildlife Unit. Excavators were used to clear vegetation that had grown on top of the revetment facility including mature cottonwood trees, which were salvaged and used for the flood fencing installation. Once the project footprint had been cleared, excavators were used to dig out the area of the revetment cap structure, which was located at the upstream end of the project. The revetment cap structure extended the existing facility by curving into the floodplain away from the river, and will prevent damage to the remaining facility by deflecting erosive energy downstream during high water events. Existing bank materials in the area where the revetment cap was constructed were hauled off site. The revetment cap structure was built by filling in the excavated area with the large rock material hauled off of the face of the main revetment facility. Material hauled off site from the upper end of the project (private land) consisted of "pit-run" quality gravels, sand and cobbles that were likely hauled on to site during construction of the revetment facility. An examination of historic aerial photographs for the site indicates that at the upper end of the facility the revetment was built out into existing river-bed with fill material placed behind the revetment. Downstream, there was no indication of fill materials being placed behind the facility.

The revetment removal was constructed to the specifications as developed in the plan sets with two primary modifications: 1) the flood fencing was consolidated into one area instead of multiple locations, and 2) material behind the revetment rock was not removed to match the floodplain ground level north of where the access road meet the revetment facility.

Flood fencing was consolidated into the lowest area along the river bank, which is the area where it is expected to be the most effective for capturing LWD and creating off channel habitat. This resulted in fewer disturbances of existing mature vegetation and will likely result in better habitat outcomes for the site

The original plans called for all earthen material behind the revetment facility to be removed down to the general elevation of the floodplain behind the facility. Due to the uneven elevations along the bank and in the floodplain this meant that in some areas the plans called for no material to be removed, while other areas would have 100's of yards of material to remove (see the Cross-Section sheets in the Engineering Plan set for further detail). The majority of the areas with fill behind the revetment were located on the private farm, with little fill material being evident in the Wildlife Area. Material was removed according to the plan set south of the access road junction with the facility and in the area of the access road junction, where the differences in elevation were the greatest. However north of the access road junction, earthen material behind the revetment that was higher than the floodplain behind it was not removed. This is due to issues that occurred onsite with the project subcontractor. During project construction WFC was made aware that Wetlands Creation, the sub contractor hired to haul spoils from the site, was taking material to a non-permitted wetland site. All hauling was immediately ceased once this was discovered, and the violations were reported to the State and County.

We do not expect this change from the plan set to have any effect of the project outcomes, as the material that was left onsite consisted mostly of silts, sand, and gravel, which this reach of the river is quite capable of mobilizing.

AMENDMENTS

#	Туре	Applied Date	Description
4	Time Extension	12/23/2013	The project period of 10/07/2010 to 12/31/2013 is extended to allow the contracting party until 03/15/2014 to complete the project.
2	Cost Change	08/30/2013	The project agreement is amended to a) increase the award amount by \$65,100 of 2013-15 PSAR funding to total a SRFB award amount of \$546,100; b) decrease the match amount by \$86,814 of sponsor match to total \$118,000 (17.77%) because sponsor was unable to secure additional grant funds, and c) expand the scope to remove an additional 1,100 feet of bank revetment bringing the total length of bank protection removal to 2,100 feet.
3	Time Extension	08/22/2013	The project period of 10/07/2010 to 10/31/2013 is extended to allow the contracting party until 12/31/2013 to complete the project.
1	Time Extension	11/19/2012	The project period of 10/07/2010 to 12/31/2012 is extended to allow the contracting party until 10/31/2013 to complete the project.

OVERALL PROJECT COSTS						
Funding Formula:	Requested		Original	Final		
Puget Sound Acq. & Restoration:	\$0.00	(0%)	\$240,248.00 (35%)	\$305,348.00 (46%)		
Salmon Federal Projects:	\$0.00	(0%)	\$240,752.00 (35%)	\$237,848.44 (36%)		
Salmon State Projects:	\$481,000.00	(70%)	\$0.00 (0%)	\$0.00 (0%)		
Sponsor Match:	\$204,814.00	(30%)	\$204,814.00 (30%)	\$117,372.61 (18%)		
Total:	\$685,814.00	(100%)	\$685,814.00 (100%)	\$660,569.05 (100%)		
Paid To Date:	\$543,196.44			Last Released Billin	g: 04/03/2014	
Remaining RCO Funds:	\$0.00			Pending Billin	g: No	
Advance Balance:	\$0.00		Match Bank: \$1,731.52	Number of Billing	s: 24	
Admin Limit:	\$0.00		Admin Spent: \$0.00			
A&E Limit:	\$152,439.01	30.00%	A&E Spent: \$123,579.13 1	8.70%		
Billed Cost Summary:	Original Agreement		Expended	Non-Reimbursable	Total Billed	
Restoration						
Construction	\$510,846.15		\$458,120.61	\$80,600.83	\$538,721.44	
A&E	\$153,253.85		\$85,075.83	\$38,503.30	\$123,579.13	
Restoration Total	\$664,100.00		\$543,196.44	\$119,104.13	\$662,300.57	
Total	\$664,100.00		\$543,196.44	\$119,104.13	\$662,300.57	
Project Cost Metrics:			Original Agreement	Final		
PCSRF Federal Funds:				\$237,848.44		
State Funds:				\$305,348.00		
Other Federal Funding:						
Pending Billing - RCO Share Approve	d:					
Retainage - RCO amount retained:				\$0.00		
Amount of other monetary funding:			\$110,056.00	\$117,905.00		
Project identifier for the other monetar	ry funding:		N/A	N/A		
Source of other monetary funding:			King Conservation District, \$50,000, Other sources not ye determined	et Ducks Unlimited for \$	2012 King County CWM grant to Ducks Unlimited for \$67,000 and a 2010 King Conservation District grant for \$50,000	
Value of Donated Unpaid Labor (Volui	nteers):		\$0.00	\$0.00		
Source of Donated Un-paid labor conf	tributions:		None	none		
Number of hours volunteers contribute	ed to the project:			0		
Describe how the value of the volunteers was determined:				NA		
Value of Donated Paid Labor:			\$0.00	\$1,200.00		
Source of Donated Paid Contributions	3 :			Sea Level Bulkhead	Builders	
Value of Other In-Kind Contributions:			\$0.00	\$0.00		
Source of Other In-Kind Contributions	:			NA		
Description of other In-Kind contribution	ons:		None	NA		

PROJECT METRICS		
	Original Agreement	Final
Completion Date		
Projected date of completion:	12/31/2012	03/14/2014
Project Goals		
Goals, purpose, and expected benefits:		This project restored 2100 feet of shoreline in the Stillwater Reach of the Snoqulmie River through the removal of shoreline armoring and riparian planting.

WORKSITE #1: Stillwater Wildlife Unit

Worksite Description: We will be working on the outside edge of Chinook Bend, within the Stillwater Wildlife Unit of the Snoqualmie Wildlife Area.

Driving Directions: From Duvall drive south on highway 203, just before the Stillwater intersection, there is a parking access to the Unit on the right hand side of the road.

Coordinates for Worksite Directions - Latitude: 0.00 Longitude: 0.00

Sponsor Clarifications:

The worksite also included a private farm parcel to the south of the Wildlife Unit.

١	\sim	RKS	ITE	44	00	CI	C
N	ΝU	KNO	116	#1	CU	3	-3

Worksite Billed Cost:	Estimated	Expended	Non-Reimbursable	Total Billed
A&E	\$25,590.00	\$85,075.83	\$38,503.30	\$123,579.13
Construction \$660,224.00 Worksite Total \$685,814.00		\$458,120.61	\$80,600.83	\$538,721.44 \$662,300.57
		\$543,196.44	\$119,104.13	
Worksite Costs by Category:		Original Agreement	Final	
Estuarine / Nearshore Funding:		\$628,224.00		
Instream Habitat Funding:			\$461,896.00	96.00
Riparian Habitat Funding:			\$51,826.00	
Cultural resource funding:			\$5,000.00	
Permits Funding:			\$20,000.00	
Architectural & Engineering Funding:			\$123,579.13	

WO

Type Of Monitoring:

ORKSITE #1 METRICS		
	Original Agreement	Final
Targeted salmonid ESU/DPS:	Chinook Salmon-Puget Sound ESU, Chum Salmon-Puget Sound/Strait of Georgia ESU, Coho Salmon-Puget Sound/Strait of Georgia ESU, Pink Salmon-Odd year ESU, Sockeye Salmon-unidentified ESU, Steelhead-Puget Sound DPS	Chinook Salmon-Puget Sound ESU, Coho Salmon-Puget Sound/Strait of Georgia ESU, Pink Salmon-Odd year ESU, Steelhead-Puget Sound DPS
Targeted species (non-ESU species):		Bull Trout, Cutthroat
Miles Of Stream Treated/Protected:	0.20	0.40
Project Identified In a Plan or Watershed Assessment:	The project ID in the 2010 Snohomish Basin 3-year Work Plan update is 07 – MPR – 302.	The project ID in the 2010 Snohomish Basin 3-year Work Plan update is 07 – MPR – 302.
	Snohomish Basin Salmon Recovery Forum. Snohomish River Basin Salmon Conservation Plan, Snohomish County, WA, 2005.	Snohomish Basin Salmon Recovery Forum. Snohomish River Basin Salmon Conservation Plan , Snohomish County, WA, 2005.
	Snohomish Basin Salmonid Recovery Technical Committee. Ecological Analysis for Salmonid Conservation. Snohomish County, WA. 2005.	
	Wild Fish Conservancy. Stillwater Wildlife Unit Feasibility Analysis. Duvall, WA. 2010.	
	King County and Wild Fish Conservancy. Snoqualmie River Reach Cha	

Implementation Monitoring

Implementation Monitoring

Monitoring Location:

Downstream, Onsite

Downstream, Onsite

This project will be part of a larger monitoring effort by the Snohomish River Basin, which is currently drafting its Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan. The Plan will include monitoring for implemetation, project effectiveness, status and trends, and validation of plan hypotheses and assumptions. As such, the Monitoring Plan will ultimately determine if the basin is on track to delisting the two Chinook populations, bull trout char and steelhead. This wider context will be key to how projects such as Stillwater will advance the state of knowledge of the fish and their use of the Basin.

Estuarine / Nearshore Project

0.0 Total Amount Of Estuarine / Nearshore Acres Treated:

Dike Or berm modification / removal

Total cost for Dike Or berm modification / removal:

Miles Of Dikes Removed: 0.19

Acres of Habitat Made Available To Salmonids through dike

or berm modification/removal:

With the removal of the levee, the river will be allowed to migrate into the Stillwater Wildlife area; however, the project may not provide immeidate access to side-channel habitat, because older oxbows are not merely cut off by the levee. Over time, the river may occupy other parts of the floodplain behind the levee.

0.0

Instream Habitat Project

Total Miles Of Instream Habitat Treated: 0.40

Channel reconfiguration and connectivity

Type of change to channel configuration and connectivity:

Miles of Stream Treated for channel reconfiguration and

connectivity:

Miles of Off-Channel Stream Created:

Acres Of Channel/Off-Channel Connected Or Added:

Instream Pools Created/Added:

Channel structure placement

Material Used For Channel Structure:

Miles of Stream Treated for channel structure placement:

Acres Of Streambed Treated for channel structure

placement:

Pools Created through channel structure placement:

Yards Of Average Stream-Width At Mid-Point Of Worksite:

Number of structures placed in channel:

Riparian Habitat Project

Total Riparian Miles Streambank Treated:

Total Riparian Acres Treated:

Planting

Creation/Connection to Off-Channel Habitat, Levee

removal/Alteration

0.40

0.00

0.2

0

Flood Fencing

0.40

0.0

0

30

35

0.40

2.5

Picea sichensis Species Of Plants planted in riparian: Thuja plicata Tsuga heterophylla Acer macrophyllum Populus trichocarpa Alnus Rubra Salix lucida ssp. lasiandra Cornus sericea Salix scouleriana Symphoricarpus albus Acer circinatum Acres Planted in riparian: 2.5 **Cultural Resources Cultural resources** Cultural resource work completed: Acres excavated: 0 Cultural resource work completed : Hours of monitoring 0 required: Cultural resource work completed : Number of structures 0 documented: Total cost for Cultural resources: Acres surveyed for cultural resources: 5.00 0.00 **Permits Obtain permits** Total cost for Obtain permits: Number of permits required for implementation of project: 8 **Architectural & Engineering** Architectural & Engineering (A&E) Did A&E costs exceed billed amount (Yes/No): No

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION (Gaisford O'Hanley)

Activity: Restoration

Control & Tenure:

Instrument Type: Landowner Agreement

Timing: Proposed

Term Length: Fixed # of years # yrs: 10

Expiration Date:

Private Landowner Type: Note:

Parcel Numbers:

County **Parcel Number** Note

King

Sponsor Clarifications:

Sponsor verified the above information is correct and complete.

The worksite was accessed through the Gaisforn O'Hanley property, additionally 1100' of bank revetement was removed from the Gaisford O'Hanley property.

Sponsor Clarifications:

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION (Stillwater Wildlife Unit)

Activity: Restoration

Control & Tenure:

Instrument Type: Landowner Agreement

Timing: Existing

Term Length: Fixed # of years # yrs: 10

Expiration Date:

Landowner Type: State Note:

Sponsor Clarifications:

Sponsor verified the above information is correct and complete.

Work was conducted on an additional property, a private farm to the south of the Stillwater Wildlife Unit. Construction access to the site was through the farm property.

Sponsor Clarifications:

SPONSOR CERTIFICATION

X I certify that this project has been completed in accordance with the project agreement.

X I certify that, to the best of my knowledge, the information in the Final Report is true and correct.

Submitted by Micah Wait on 03/14/2014